

Year: 8
Term: 1b
Topic: Safety

Lesson Concepts

1. What is safety?
2. Road safety
3. Train safety
4. Internet safety
5. Social media
6. Alcohol safety
7. Assessment

Key Assessment:

EA1 – Questions on different types of safety.

Key Words:			
PSHE	Personal, Social and Health Education	Safety	The condition of being protected from or unlikely to cause danger, risk, or injury.
Cyberbullying	The use of electronic communication to bully a person, typically by sending messages of an intimidating or threatening nature.	Alcohol	A colourless volatile flammable liquid, produced by the natural fermentation of sugars. The intoxicating constituent of wine, beer, spirits, and other drinks.
Pedestrian	A person walking rather than travelling in a vehicle.	Consumption	The action of using up a resource or taking something into your body.
Stopping distance	The time it takes for a driver to realise they need to brake and then actually brake.	Privacy	When one is not observed or disturbed by other people.
Denigration	The action of unfairly criticising someone or something.	Impersonation	The act of pretending to be another person for the purpose of entertainment or fraud.
Identity theft	The fraudulent practice of using another person's name and personal information in order to obtain credit, loans etc.	Depression	Feelings of severe despondency and dejection.
Suicide	The act of intentionally causing one's own death.	Addiction	The fact or condition of being addicted to a particular substance or activity.

Road Safety Statistics:

78%	of child pedestrians involved in accidents failed to look properly.
38%	of child pedestrians involved in accidents were careless, reckless or in a hurry.
45%	is the reduction of risk of fatal injury to a front seat passenger car occupants who are wearing a seatbelt.

Dealing with Peer Pressure:

Stop	How are you feeling? Do you feel safe, comfortable, certain about any requests?
Think	What are your options? What are the consequences of these options?
Go	Make the choice which makes you feel safest, happiest and calmest.

Staying Safe Online:

DON'T	DO
Post any personal information online.	Think carefully before posting pictures or videos of yourself.
Give out your passwords to anyone else or write them down.	Keep your privacy settings as high as possible.
Befriend people you don't know.	Remember that not everyone online is who they say they are.
Meet up with people you've met online.	Think carefully about what you say before posting online.

Key Questions:

- a) Many people are fully aware of the dangers involved in drug and alcohol consumption, yet continue. Why?
- b) Why is it important to be careful of how you use the internet?
- c) How can we make our community safer?